

# Service Devolution & Asset Transfer Policy

# October 2023

# Contents

1	Introduction	3
2	Scope of this policy	3
3	Types of transfer arrangement	4
4	Eligibility and assessment criteria	5
5	Principles	6
6	The transfer process	6
Annex A	Devolution process flowchart	10
Annex B	Assets out of scope	11
Annex C	Assessment criteria	12

#### 1. Introduction

- 1.1 Buckinghamshire Council recognises the benefits of devolving services and assets to local communities.
- 1.2 We will consider devolving appropriate community assets and services where there is an additionalbenefit to local communities.
- 1.3 This policy document will be reviewed annually.

## 2. Scope of this Policy

- 2.1 The scope of this policy document applies to all types of devolution transfer by Buckinghamshire Council – both the devolution of the responsibility for running services and community asset transfer.
- 2.2 Service devolution involves the transfer of the responsibility for running a service from Buckinghamshire Council to another local body.
- 2.3 Community asset transfer involves the transfer of ownership of land, buildings, or other assets from a statutory body to a community organisation in order to achieve a greater public benefit.
- 2.4 The application of this policy may be triggered by either external requests from local organisations and/or triggered by Buckinghamshire Council through an identification by a servicearea that an asset is declared 'surplus to requirements'.

### 3. Types of Transfer Arrangement

- 3.1 The transfer of the responsibility for running a service and/or an asset will broadly be managed through different approaches as set out below. A devolution board will determine the most appropriate arrangement on a case- by-case basis considering any associated legislative frameworks relating to procurement, asset disposal or subsidy control. The different types of arrangement are broadly:
  - Service Level Agreement Where a service is devolved, Buckinghamshire Council may set out aservice level agreement on the quality standards and activity expected in return for a devolved budget.
  - Freehold Transfer This is where an asset is permanently transferred to a local organisation subject to any conditions attached.
  - Long Term Lease 25 years or more in relation to a building.
  - Short Term Lease or other management arrangement A lease less than 25 years or a license to occupy or other tenancy agreement.
- 3.2 There is a policy presumption that where an asset is to be transferred this will be offered on the basis of a long-term lease, rather than freehold or short-term lease arrangements. This is to provide opportunities for the applicant to consider investment in the asset and/or other funding opportunities whilst ensuring that the asset continues to be used for public benefit.
- 3.3 Short term lease arrangements may be considered under pilot arrangements; however, it is recognised that they may hinder the applicant in planning and investing in a community service without long term certainty.
- 3.4 Freehold transfers will only be considered where exceptional circumstances exist and where there is a clear benefit of this approach to Buckinghamshire Council and the local community. The final decision on a transfer of freehold will be made by the Council's Cabinet.

#### 4. Eligibility and Assessment Criteria

#### 4.1 The following eligibility criteria would apply:

Criteria	Description
a)	This Service Devolution and Asset Transfer Policy is open to:
	Parish or town councils
	Unincorporated charitable organisations
	Companies limited by guarantee with charitable status
	Community Interest Companies, limited by guarantee
	Community Benefit Industrial & Provident Society with an asset lock
	Community Interest Company, limited by shares
b)	Organisations must:
	Be legal entities
	Be non-profit making
	Have community and/or social objectives; and/or
	Be located within the boundaries of Buckinghamshire Council area or can
	demonstrate that they provide services within the area to residents.
c)	All community assets must remain open to the wider public. This does not disqualify
	special interest proposals or groups. However, evidence must be provided of how
	the asset will be used in an inclusive way.
	Applicants must provide full contact details for the organisation, including
d)	someone with the relevant decision-making authority.
	Applicants must provide supporting evidence where required and complete all
e)	sections of required forms.

- 4.2 Buckinghamshire Council will not consider expressions of interest from organisations which are political or with political affiliations; organisations engaged in supporting candidates for political office; individuals or businesses who intend primarily to run the service or use the asset for commercial gain.
- 4.3 In addition to the eligibility criteria set out above, the assessment of requests will consider a range of other criteria, including but not limited to:
  - Community benefit
  - Local control
  - Sustainability
  - Governance of legal structure
  - Financial standing
  - Maintenance
  - Commitment

4.4 The Devolution Board will determine appropriate criteria for each project on a case-by-case basis. Further details on the assessment criteria are set out in Annex C.

### 5. Principles

- 5.1 Buckinghamshire Council is committed to applying the following principles in how it considers devolution requests:
  - Being transparent in the process for devolution, including timelines and decision-making, with as much information published online as possible.
  - Providing timely information to local organisations to make an initial view on whether they are interested in discussing devolution arrangements.
  - Assessing devolution requests fairly through the application of this policy.
  - Transferring the budget for running a service when Buckinghamshire Council is requiring ongoing specific quality/activity standards to be met. Where no specific service standards are expected byBuckinghamshire Council it is anticipated that following a transfer of the service/asset that the future costs would be covered by the organisation taking on the service/asset.
  - Provide a named contact and respond in a timely manner to all devolution enquiries.

# 6. The Devolution Transfer Process

#### **Decision-making**

- 6.1 Following consideration of devolution requests, and negotiations, a decision by Buckinghamshire Council and the respective applicant organisation is needed on the sign-off of individual devolution transfers. All such decisions will be taken in accordance with this policy and Buckinghamshire Council's Constitution. Key decisions on significant devolution transfers will be taken by Cabinet and/or Leader decision, in consultation with the appropriate Cabinet members. Non-key decisions will be taken by the relevant officers in accordance with the scheme of delegation.
- 6.2 An advisory Devolution Board will consider all devolution requests and oversee the devolution programme. This will be chaired by the Cabinet Member for Communities and comprise the Cabinet Member for Accessible Housing and Resources, the Cabinet Member for Transport and senior officers from within the council from Policy and Improvement, Property & Assets, Legal, Finance and the incumbent service in respect of service devolution.
- 6.3 The Board will make recommendations to the relevant decision-maker (officer/member) on the detail of transfer agreement terms and sign-off.
- 6.4 The Council may need to balance the competing interests of community groups and an assessment will need to be made as to the option that will deliver most sustainable benefit to the local community. Where possible, potential beneficiaries can be brought together in a partnership, where this can result in greater benefit to residents.

#### **Pre-Application Stage**

- 6.5 Buckinghamshire Council can provide support to town and parish councils to enable them to consider submitting expressions of interest. This can include:
  - Online guidance and information including template expressions of interest form and business plan.
  - Provision of information on the specification of services to help inform the development of proposals.
  - A named contact to support organisations to submit expressions of interest, support business plan development and to keep the applicant updated at all stages of the transfer process.

#### Stage 1: Expressions of Interest Submission

- 6.6 Buckinghamshire Council will then:
  - Check that the applicant meets the eligibility criteria to be considered, and notify the applicant accordingly.
  - Notify the relevant local member(s) and seek their views.
  - For service devolution, information will be provided to the applicant in regard to service specifications and costs (where possible an estimate of disaggregated costs).

For community assets, the following information will be provided to the applicant:

- Existing costs for maintenance of the asset.
- Condition survey report providing an overview of the property's condition.
- If the applicant wishes to then proceed with the transfer request, in light of this information, the expression of interest will be considered by the Devolution Board.

The Devolution Board will determine if the application passes the stage 1 assessment and next steps which are:

- Business plan required before decision.
- Business plan not required and decision can be agreed (either as an offer decision or Cabinet Member if a key decision).
- Application rejected.
- Proposed Heads of Terms will be assessed and agreed by the Devolution Board, and provided to the applicant to inform any business case.

#### Stage 2: Business Plan Stage

- 6.7 A business plan will be required where an asset or service request is of value greater than £100,000 and/or for all key decisions.
- 6.8 The Council recognises that completing a business plan will take the applicant time and effort and will only ask organisations that meet all the eligibility criteria.
- 6.9 Where it is agreed to carry out a pilot of a wide-spread devolution of assets and services to a town or parish council, a single business case will be required. This document would be co-developed in partnership.
- 6.10 All business plans will be considered by the Devolution Board prior to a recommendation to the decision-maker (normally the Cabinet Member).
- 6.11 If a business plan is required it is anticipated that supporting evidence will also be requested on the following areas:
  - Health & safety arrangements in place
  - Safeguarding arrangements
  - Staffing and/or contractual arrangements
  - Insurance
  - Operational procedures
  - Governance
  - Financial standing
  - Property management and maintenance
  - Proposed improvements and / or investment in the asset
- 6.12 The Council will consult local member(s) and Community Boards prior to a decision on transfers that require a business plan.

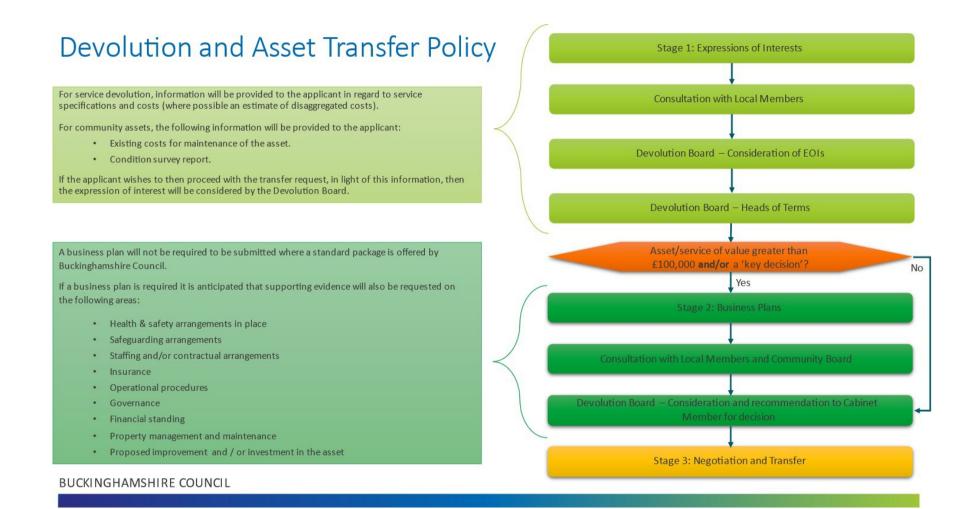
#### Stage 3: Negotiation and Transfer

6.13 The decision on the sign-off of all transfers will be made in accordance with decision-making rules as set out in Buckinghamshire Council's constitution.

#### Appeals

- 6.14 Applications that go forward for a decision will be made publicly available and objections / representations can be submitted. Cabinet / the Leader is able to put those objections back to the Devolution Board for further consideration as appropriate.
- 6.15 Any other matters will be managed in line with the Council's complaints procedure.

# **Annex A: Devolution Process Flowchart**



#### Annex B: Assets out of scope

In Buckinghamshire Council's devolution programme some types of assets are considered out of scope of this policy. This means that Buckinghamshire Council will not consider such requests under this policy.

Some types of assets are best managed strategically and thereby wish to be retained by Buckinghamshire Council, just as others are better managed locally.

The following asset areas are out of scope:

- Assets held for investment purposes: both assets that generate a net income for Buckinghamshire Council and those held for future capital, revenue regeneration or corporate realisations.
- Vacant land or buildings that may generate a capital receipt, regeneration, revenue aspirations, or corporate aspirations.
- Land held for future development or with underlying development potential (both short and long term), as it would not be financially prudent to devolve land and be required to repurchase it in the future.
- Car parks owned and/or run by Buckinghamshire Council where they generate income, hold an operational benefit or retain a commercial interest.
- Leisure centres owned and/or run by Buckinghamshire Council.
- Buildings used solely as delivery sites for Buckinghamshire Council services.
- Potential buildings which may be considered as Community Access Points/Hubs in later years, to ensure maximum potential for building redevelopment/investment.

#### **Annex C: Assessment Criteria**

All applicants will be required to complete an Expression of Interest. A Business Plan will also be required at stage 2 in relation to transfer requests over the value of £100,000 for services/assets and in relation to all transfers which require a key decision.

Template forms will be published online as part of a devolution support toolkit. These template forms will include sections to complete in relation to the criteria areas, with an expectation that more detailed information would be provided where a business plan is required.

Assessment Criteria Area	EOI Evidence	Business Plan Evidence
a) Community benefit	Statement of intended community benefit	Strong track record of delivery of community benefit.
		Evidence of community impact and resident consultation on proposal.
b) Local control	Meet organisational eligibility criteria.	Evidence that residents will be able to have a say in future decisions on the asset / services.
c) Sustainability	Ability to manage service/property.	Clear long term plan for ensuring viability. A risk assessment and how these risks will be mitigated.
d) Governance &legal structure	Meet eligibility criteria.	Settled legal entity with proven ability to manage change.
e) Financial standing	Established record of financial probity.	Established record of financial probity with evidence of long term planning.
f) Maintenance	Ability to manage service/property.	Proven record of managing maintenance issues.
g) Commitment	Willingness to participate in evaluation.	Willingness to participate in evaluation and share learning.